fyra fraktioner, ordningsföljd med parenteser

namn: _____ Datum: _____ Poäng: _____

$(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2}) =$

$(42 \div 7 + \frac{2}{5}) \times \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) =$

$40(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}) \div 4 =$

$35(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}) \div 7 =$

$(22 \div 2 - \frac{3}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2} =$

$22(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}) \div 2 =$

$(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5}) \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{5} =$

$56(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6}) \div 7 =$

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$(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = (-\frac{43}{90})$

$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2}) = \frac{19}{12} = 1\frac{7}{12}$

$(42 \div 7 + \frac{2}{5}) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$

$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{13}{12} = 1\frac{1}{12}$

$40(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}) \div 4 = \frac{5}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$

$35(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}) \div 7 = \frac{25}{6} = 4\frac{1}{6}$

$(22 \div 2 - \frac{3}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{19}{4} = 4\frac{3}{4}$

$22(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}) \div 2 = (-\frac{11}{3}) = (-3\frac{2}{3})$

$(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5}) \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{5} = 2$

$56(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6}) \div 7 = \frac{10}{3} = 3\frac{1}{3}$