



пять дробей, порядок действий со скобками

Имя: \_\_\_\_\_

Дата: \_\_\_\_\_ Оценка: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(2 + \frac{3}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} \times 4^2 =$$

$$(4 + \frac{3}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3} + 3^2 =$$

$$(3 + \frac{3}{4})^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2^2 - \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$((\frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{3}{5} + (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5})^2 =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5})^2 - \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{3} - (\frac{1}{5})^2) =$$

$$((\frac{2}{5})^2 + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{6} - (\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3})^2 =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + (\frac{1}{2})^2) \times \frac{3}{4} - (\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{4})^2 =$$

$$(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{3})^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5}) =$$

$$(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5})^2 - \frac{2}{5}(\frac{1}{2} - (\frac{1}{2})^2) =$$

$$(\frac{1}{2} + (\frac{3}{4})^2) \times \frac{1}{2} - (\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3})^2 =$$



пять дробей, порядок действий со скобками

Имя: \_\_\_\_\_

Дата: \_\_\_\_\_ Оценка: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(2 + \frac{3}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} \times 4^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(4 + \frac{3}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3} + 3^2 = \frac{2347}{60} = 39\frac{7}{60}$$

$$(3 + \frac{3}{4})^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2^2 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1237}{80} = 15\frac{37}{80}$$

$$((\frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{3}{5} + (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5})^2 = \frac{261}{400}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5})^2 - \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{3} - (\frac{1}{5})^2) = (-\frac{2}{45})$$

$$((\frac{2}{5})^2 + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{6} - (\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3})^2 = \frac{37}{450}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + (\frac{1}{2})^2) \times \frac{3}{4} - (\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{4})^2 = \frac{63}{200}$$

$$(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{3})^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5}) = \frac{107}{180}$$

$$(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5})^2 - \frac{2}{5}(\frac{1}{2} - (\frac{1}{2})^2) = \frac{3}{50}$$

$$(\frac{1}{2} + (\frac{3}{4})^2) \times \frac{1}{2} - (\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3})^2 = \frac{145}{288}$$