



quatro frações, ordem das operações com colchetes

Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

$$24\left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 6 =$$

$$\left(45 \div 9 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$8\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}\right) \div 8 =$$

$$\left(50 \div 5 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{5}\right) \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}\right) =$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{5}\right) =$$



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$$\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \left(-\frac{5}{18}\right)$$

$$24\left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 6 = \frac{22}{5} = 4\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\left(45 \div 9 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{4} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$8\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}\right) \div 8 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left(50 \div 5 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{117}{20} = 5\frac{17}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{13}{20}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{5}\right) \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{19}{45}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{29}{40}$$