

tre heltall, rekkefølge for operasjoner med  
parenteser

StudentName: \_\_\_\_\_

ExamDate: \_\_\_\_\_ ExamScore: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(9 - 4) \times 10 =$$

$$8(5 - 9) =$$

$$10(7 + 10) =$$

$$(10 - 7) \times 2 =$$

$$(27 + 18) \div 3 =$$

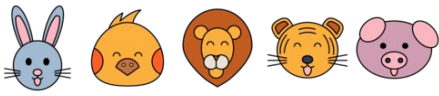
$$(6 + 1) \times 6 =$$

$$(36 + 28) \div 4 =$$

$$1(2 - 4) =$$

$$(28 + 16) \div 4 =$$

$$7(2 - 3) =$$



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$$(9 - 4) \times 10 = 50$$

$$8(5 - 9) = (-32)$$

$$10(7 + 10) = 170$$

$$(10 - 7) \times 2 = 6$$

$$(27 + 18) \div 3 = 15$$

$$(6 + 1) \times 6 = 42$$

$$(36 + 28) \div 4 = 16$$

$$1(2 - 4) = (-2)$$

$$(28 + 16) \div 4 = 11$$

$$7(2 - 3) = (-7)$$