



tre heltall, rekkefølge for operasjoner med  
parenteser

StudentName: \_\_\_\_\_

ExamDate: \_\_\_\_\_ ExamScore: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(6 + 66) \div 6 =$$

$$(27 + 72) \div 9 =$$

$$9(2 - 6) =$$

$$(88 - 40) \div 8 =$$

$$(56 - 77) \div 7 =$$

$$(54 + 72) \div 9 =$$

$$(2 - 2) \times 1 =$$

$$2(9 + 10) =$$

$$1(4 + 7) =$$

$$(3 + 7) \times 1 =$$



StudentName: \_\_\_\_\_

ExamDate: \_\_\_\_\_ ExamScore: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(6 + 66) \div 6 = 12$$

$$(27 + 72) \div 9 = 11$$

$$9(2 - 6) = (-36)$$

$$(88 - 40) \div 8 = 6$$

$$(56 - 77) \div 7 = (-3)$$

$$(54 + 72) \div 9 = 14$$

$$(2 - 2) \times 1 = 0$$

$$2(9 + 10) = 38$$

$$1(4 + 7) = 11$$

$$(3 + 7) \times 1 = 10$$