



tre heltall, rekkefølge for operasjoner med  
parenteser

StudentName: \_\_\_\_\_

ExamDate: \_\_\_\_\_ ExamScore: \_\_\_\_\_

$$2(5 + 9) =$$

$$(5 + 6) \times 9 =$$

$$(45 + 50) \div 5 =$$

$$(12 + 66) \div 6 =$$

$$11(5 + 6) =$$

$$7(1 + 1) =$$

$$(90 + 36) \div 9 =$$

$$(42 + 30) \div 6 =$$

$$(99 + 45) \div 9 =$$

$$(10 - 9) \times 4 =$$