

fire brøk, desimaler, rekkefølge for operasjoner
med parenteser

StudentName: _____

ExamDate: _____ ExamScore: _____

$$(4,5 - 5,3) \times 5 + 3,3 =$$

$$20(2,2 + 2,6) \div 4 \times 5 + \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$(2,2 - \frac{1}{2}) \times 3 + 4,6 =$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times 10 \div 2 - 5(3,6 - \frac{2}{3}) =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + 3(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}) =$$

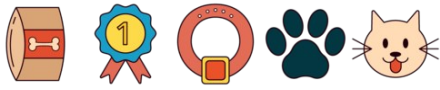
$$\frac{1}{2} + 4(2,7 + \frac{1}{3}) =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + 5(\frac{1}{6} - 3,4) =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \times 8 \div 2 - 3(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}) =$$

$$8(2,9 - 2,6) \div 2 \times 3 + 5,5 =$$

$$(\frac{3}{5} + 4,2) \times 4 - 2,7 =$$



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$$(4, 5 - 5, 3) \times 5 + 3, 3 = \left(-\frac{7}{10}\right)$$

$$20(2, 2 + 2, 6) \div 4 \times 5 + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{483}{4} = 120\frac{3}{4}$$

$$(2, 2 - \frac{1}{2}) \times 3 + 4, 6 = \frac{97}{10} = 9\frac{7}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times 10 \div 2 - 5(3, 6 - \frac{2}{3}) = \left(-\frac{34}{3}\right) = \left(-11\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + 3\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{23}{6} = 3\frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + 4(2, 7 + \frac{1}{3}) = \frac{379}{30} = 12\frac{19}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + 5\left(\frac{1}{6} - 3, 4\right) = \left(-\frac{95}{6}\right) = \left(-15\frac{5}{6}\right)$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \times 8 \div 2 - 3\left(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)$$

$$8(2, 9 - 2, 6) \div 2 \times 3 + 5, 5 = \frac{91}{10} = 9\frac{1}{10}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{5} + 4, 2\right) \times 4 - 2, 7 = \frac{33}{2} = 16\frac{1}{2}$$