



drie breuken, volgorde van bewerkingen met haakjes

Naam: _____

Datum: _____ Score: _____

$$\frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{5}) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{2}) =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$(1 + \frac{3}{2}) \div 2 =$$

$$(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{3}) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{2}) \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}) =$$

$$(\frac{7}{5} - \frac{7}{5}) \div 7 =$$



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$$\frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{39}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{21}{20} = 1\frac{1}{20}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} = \left(-\frac{5}{36}\right)$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{3}{2}\right) \div 2 = \frac{5}{4} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} = \left(-\frac{5}{36}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{48}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{5} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{5} - \frac{7}{5}\right) \div 7 = 0$$