



drie breuken, volgorde van bewerkingen met haakjes

Naam: \_\_\_\_\_

Datum: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\left(3 - \frac{9}{5}\right) \div 9 =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5}\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\left(\frac{27}{2} + \frac{27}{2}\right) \div 9 =$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{3} + \frac{24}{5}\right) \div 8 =$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{3}\right) \div 4 =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5}\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \times \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$



Naam: \_\_\_\_\_

Datum: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(3 - \frac{9}{5}) \div 9 = \frac{2}{15}$$

$$3\frac{1}{5}(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5}) = \frac{27}{50}$$

$$(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{20}$$

$$(\frac{27}{2} + \frac{27}{2}) \div 9 = 3$$

$$(\frac{8}{3} + \frac{24}{5}) \div 8 = \frac{14}{15}$$

$$(\frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{3}) \div 4 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3\frac{1}{5}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5}) = \frac{9}{50}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}) \times \frac{1}{6} = (-\frac{5}{72})$$

$$(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{1}{3} = (-\frac{1}{9})$$