



5개의 분수, 대괄호를 사용한 연산 순서

이름: _____

날짜: _____ 점수: _____

$$(2 - \frac{1}{5})^2 - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{3} - 3^2 =$$

$$(5 - \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} \times 3^2 =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4})^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{3} - (\frac{1}{2})^2) =$$

$$(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{5}(\frac{1}{2} + (\frac{1}{2})^2) =$$

$$(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{2}{5}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}) =$$

$$(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{5})^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{6} + (\frac{1}{6})^2) =$$

$$((\frac{2}{3})^2 + \frac{1}{5}) \times \frac{1}{6} - (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6})^2 =$$

$$(3 + \frac{3}{2})^2 + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - 3^2 =$$

$$(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}) =$$

$$(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5})^2 + \frac{1}{5}(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{5}) =$$