



drei Brüche, Reihenfolge der Operationen

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Datum: \_\_\_\_\_ Ergebnis: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + 12 \div 3 =$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$36 \div 4 - \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$40 \div 4 + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$50 \div 5 + \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - 20 \div 4 =$$



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + 12 \div 3 = \frac{21}{5} = 4\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{36}$$

$$36 \div 4 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{42}{5} = 8\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{11}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$40 \div 4 + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{61}{6} = 10\frac{1}{6}$$

$$50 \div 5 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{21}{2} = 10\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{17}{80}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - 20 \div 4 = \left(-\frac{23}{5}\right) = \left(-4\frac{3}{5}\right)$$