

أربعة كسور ، كسور عشرية ، ترتيب العمليات مع أقواس

اسم: \_\_\_\_\_

التاريخ: \_\_\_\_\_ النتيجة \_\_\_\_\_

$$(5,7 + \frac{1}{6}) \times 3 - \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$12(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}) \div 4 \times 5 - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$3,2 \times 4 \div 2 + 2(\frac{1}{2} + 2,1) =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}) \times 2 - 2,3 =$$

$$6(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) \div 3 \times 4 + 2,3 =$$

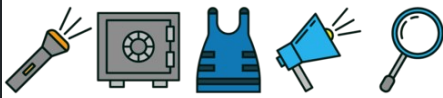
$$(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}) \times 3 - \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$5,8 \times 8 \div 4 + 4(2,3 + \frac{1}{2}) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \div 4 - 2(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}) =$$

$$3,4 - 2(4,1 + \frac{1}{2}) =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \times 8 \div 4 - 5(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}) =$$



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التاريخ: \_\_\_\_\_ النتيجة \_\_\_\_\_

$$(5,7 + \frac{1}{6}) \times 3 - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{337}{20} = 16\frac{17}{20}$$

$$12(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}) \div 4 \times 5 - \frac{1}{2} = 12$$

$$3,2 \times 4 \div 2 + 2(\frac{1}{2} + 2,1) = \frac{58}{5} = 11\frac{3}{5}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}) \times 2 - 2,3 = (-\frac{29}{30})$$

$$6(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) \div 3 \times 4 + 2,3 = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}) \times 3 - \frac{2}{5} = (-\frac{9}{10})$$

$$5,8 \times 8 \div 4 + 4(2,3 + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{114}{5} = 22\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \div 4 - 2(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}) = \frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

$$3,4 - 2(4,1 + \frac{1}{2}) = (-\frac{29}{5}) = (-5\frac{4}{5})$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \times 8 \div 4 - 5(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}) = (-\frac{13}{10}) = (-1\frac{3}{10})$$